KITSAP COUNTY COMPREHENSIVE PLAN ENVIRONMENT AND CLIMATE CHANGE

Kitsap County October 11, 2022





MEETING FLOW

Brief Presentation on:

- Regional Guidelines
- Existing Conditions
- Planning for Climate Change
- County Role in Environment and Climate Change
- Current 2016 Comprehensive Plan Environment Chapter

Break-Out Groups: Interactive Discussions

Issues: ajarrett@kitsap.gov



REGIONAL PLANS

VISION 2050 - Puget Sound Regional Council
VISION 2050 guides planning in Kitsap,
Snohomish, King, and Pierce Counties.
Establishes population and employment targets.

Countywide Planning Policies - Kitsap Regional Coordinating Council

Guiding document for County and city planning and local transportation funding.

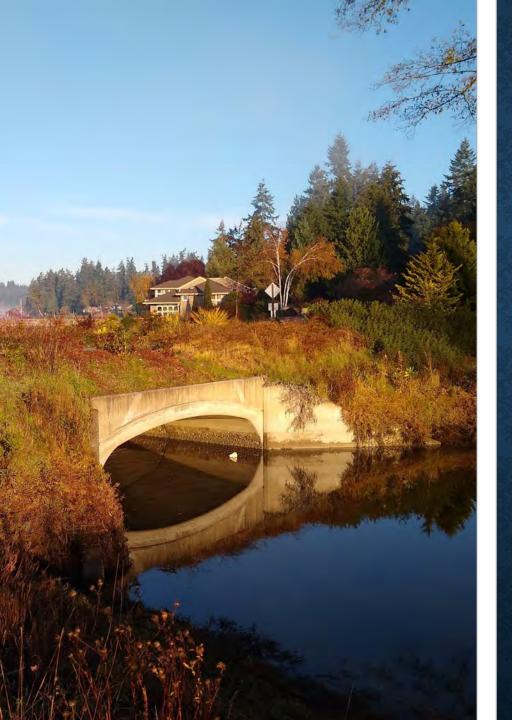
GMA requires consistency.

GMA

VISION 2050

Countywide Planning Policies

Comprehensive Plan



GMA PLANNING GOAL

- Protect the environment
- Enhance state's quality of life
- Protect air quality, water quality and water quantity

RCW 36.70A.020(10)



VISION 2050

- Restore and protect natural systems
- Conserve habitat
- Improve water quality
- Consider impacts of land use, development, and transportation at all levels of planning
- Restore the health of Puget Sound
- Reduce greenhouse gas emissions

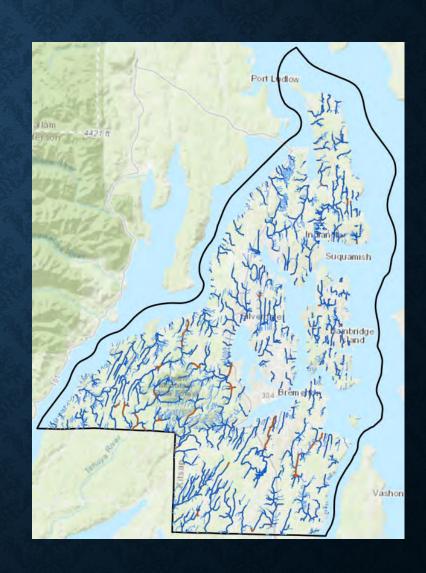


COUNTYWIDE PLANNING POLICIES

- Reduce impacts to vulnerable populations
- Conserve and enhance natural resources
- Protect air quality, water quality, and water quantity
- Preserve and protect ESA listed species and habitats
- Coordinate watershed planning
- Address climate change

EXISTING CONDITIONS

- Streams ~ 560 miles
- Stream buffers ~ 28,973 acres
- Wetlands ~ 32,606 acres
- Waterbodies:
 - Reservoir ~ 5 acres
 - Marine shoreline ~ 259 miles
 - Gravel pit with water ~ 3.5 acres
 - Lakes and Ponds ~ 3,171 acres



EXISTING CONDITIONS

- Hydric Soils ~ 18,742 acres
- Areas of Moderate Geologic Hazard ~ 50,147 acres
- Areas of High Geologic Hazard ~ 41,018 acres

Approximately 67%



SURVEY QUESTION

What aspect of Kitsap County's natural environment are you **most concerned** about protecting?





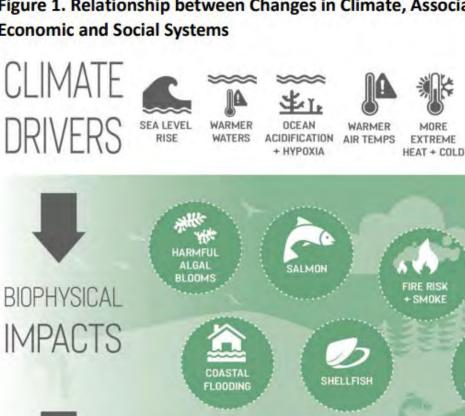
Kitsap County Climate Change Resiliency Assessment, 2020 Green House Gas Emissions Inventory and Analysis, 2022





Kitsap County Climate Change Resiliency Assessment, 2020

Figure 1. Relationship between Changes in Climate, Associated Biophysical Impacts, and Impacts to **Economic and Social Systems**



IMPACTS TO

ECONOMIC

+ SOCIAL

SYSTEMS



CHANGING

SEASONAL

PRECIPITATION

DECREASED

QUALITY

CHANGING

SEASONAL

STREAMFLOW

WARMER

STREAM

TEMPS

INVASIVE

SPECIES, PESTS

GROWTH +

DEVELOPMENT

DECREASED

WATER

QUALITY

RESILIENCY ASSESSMENT

Public Health

- Heat related illnesses
- Acute injury from extreme weather
- Communities of concerns, frontline communities

Economic Impacts

Cost of climate change

Culture and recreation

Tribal cultural, ceremonial, and harvesting







RESILIENCY ASSESSMENT

Public Infrastructure

Coastal infrastructure

Land Use and Development

Land use affects local climate impacts

Geologic and Natural Hazards

- Storm surge and coastal flooding
- Landslides and bluff erosion







RESILIENCY ASSESSMENT

Hydrology and Hydrogeology

- Hydrological changes
- Stream and river flooding

Habitat

Freshwater and aquatic habitat

Fire

- Wildfires
- Wildland urban interface







SURVEY QUESTION

What impact of climate change are you most concerned about in Kitsap County?



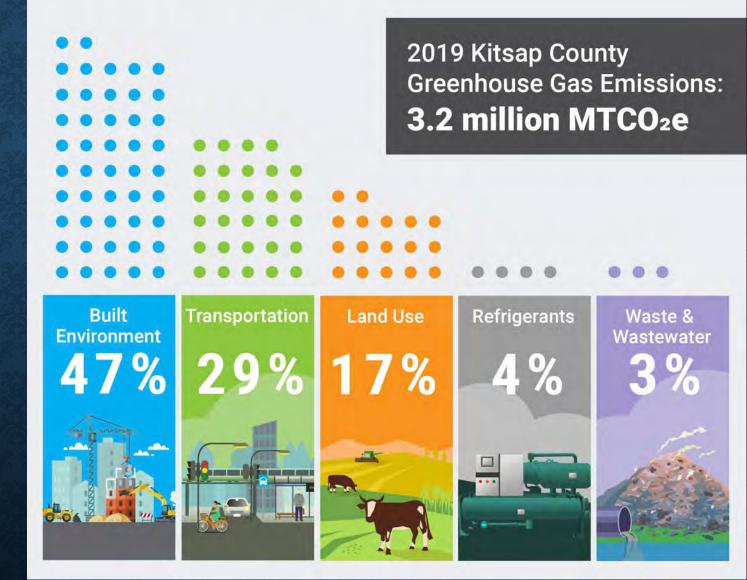


GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS

Geographic Inventory Sectors & What's Included			
Transportation		Building Energy	
7/9/8 	Driving within county limits, flights from county travelers, maritime/rail travel, non-road vehicle and equipment use		Residential, commercial, and industrial electricity and natural gas use and associated loss and leakage, residential fuel oil and propane, and industrial processes
Solid Waste & Wastewater		Refrigerants	
	Solid waste generation and disposal and wastewater processes	***	Substitution of ozone-depleting substances
	Land Use		Sequestration
988	Agriculture and tree cover loss		Solid waste disposal sequestration and sequestration from trees and forests

Green House Gas Emissions Inventory and Analysis, 2022

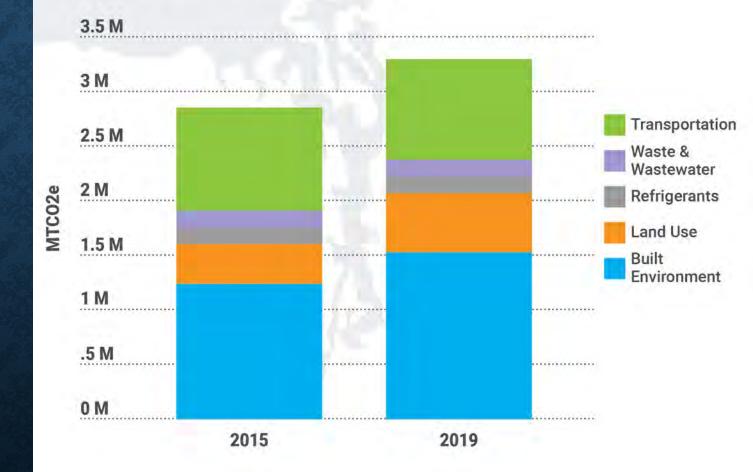
WHERE DO OUR EMISSIONS COME FROM?



Green House Gas Emissions Inventory and Analysis, 2022

HOW ARE OUR EMISSIONS CHANGING OVER TIME?

From 2015 to 2019, Kitsap County increased overall emissions by about 16%. While population increased 5% during this same period, per capita emissions increased by 11%.



Green House Gas Emissions Inventory and Analysis, 2022

WHAT'S DRIVING CHANGES IN OUR EMISSIONS OVER TIME?

Top contributors to change in emissions between the 2015 and 2019 greenhouse gas inventories



Drivers of emissions increases include:



Land use



More fossil fuels based electricity + 131k MTCO2e



Growing population



Colder winter



Drivers of emissions reductions include:



Improved vehicle efficiency - 99k MTCO2e



Decreased residential energy use (per home)



Decreased commercial energy use (per job)



Decreased waste generation (per person)

SURVEY QUESTION

How important is addressing climate change over the next 20 years at a **local level?**





COUNTY'S ROLE



Environment Chapter

Development Regulations (Kitsap County Code)

Incentivize protection of critical areas and habitat

Incentivize restoration of natural systems and shorelines

EXISTING PROGRAMS

- Open Space Program
- Shore Friendly Kitsap Program
- Conservation Futures Program
- Clean Water Kitsap Program
- Salmon Recovery Lead Entity
- Local Integrating Organization for Puget Sound Recovery









ENVIRONMENT CHAPTER GUIDING DIRECTIVES

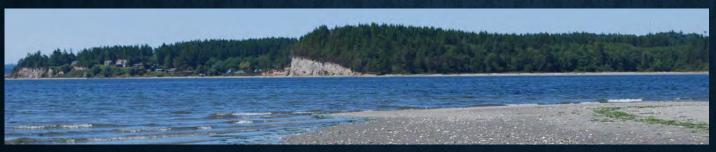
- Provides direction and path forward to:
 - Protect environment through regulations
 - Preserve and recover salmon stock
 - Participate in Puget Sound Recovery
 - Implement "Water as a Resource" policy
 - Protect quality and quantity of groundwater
 - Work with Tribes to protect natural environment Tribal Treaty rights





ENVIRONMENT CHAPTER GOALS & POLICIES

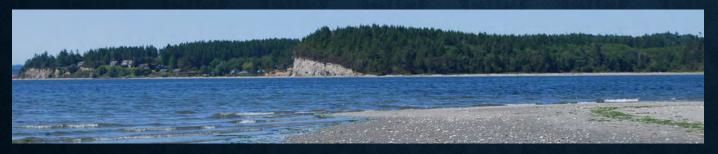
- Treat natural environments as an essential asset
- Coordinate with internal and external partners on management and recovery
- Use incentive-based approaches and regulations to reduce risk of damage to natural environments
- Provide opportunities for stewardship, education and public dialogue on management and protection





ENVIRONMENT CHAPTER - STRATEGIES

- Develop framework to evaluate ecosystem services
- Ensure natural environment functions receive first consideration
- Compliance reporting for flood and environmental regulation requirements
- Develop monitoring program to evaluate changes to natural environments
- Coordinate conservation and restoration strategies





BREAKOUT GROUPS

All the groups will discuss the same set of questions and you will be directed at random to one of the groups



GROUP SUMMARIES

What ideas and issues were discussed in each group?



MORE INFORMATION?

Kitsap County Comprehensive Plan

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